#### **DAYS - MONTHS - DATES - ORDINAL NUMEBRS**

## **DAYS OF THE WEEK**

MONDAY> lunedì

TUESDAY> martedì

WEDNESDAY> mercoledì

THURSDAY > giovedì

FRIDAY> venerdì

SATURDAY> sabato

SUNDAY> domenica

#### **MONTHS OF THE YEAR**

JANUARY> GENNAIO

**FEBRUARY> FEBBRAIO** 

MARCH> MARZO

**APRIL> APRILE** 

MAY> MAGGIO

JUNE> GIUGNO

**JULY> LUGLIO** 

**AUGUST> AGOSTO** 

SEPTEMBER> SETTEMBRE

**OCTOBER> OTTOBRE** 

**NOVEMBER> NOVEMBRE** 

**DECEMBER> DICEMBRE** 

#### **DATES IN ENGLISH**

ENGLISH VOCABULARY

# The DATE in English



There are two ways of saying the date in English.

Written English

March 7

MONTH + DAY

7<sup>th</sup> March

Spoken English

March seventh

Even if the -th isn't written, an ordinal number is still said.

The seventh of March

**Numbers** 

3/7/17

MONTH / DAY / YEAR

7/3/17

DAY / MONTH / YEAR

### Days

We always use ordinal numbers for the date in spoken English.

- 1st first
- 2<sup>nd</sup> second
- 3rd third
- 4th fourth
- 5th fifth
- 6th sixth
- 7th seventh
- 8th eighth
- 9th ninth
- 10th tenth

#### Months

Months always start with capital letters.

<u>a</u>ugust



**August** 



What day is this?

3 / 5 / 18

March 5, 2018

3rd May 2018

Big difference!

#### Years

Years are normally divided into two parts.\*

1984

nineteen eighty-four

1652 sixteen fifty-two

1941 nineteen forty-one 2017 twenty seventeen

\* Exception: For the years from 2000 to 2010, we normally say two thousand and + number.

2006 two thousand and six

www.grammar.cl

www.woodwardenglish.com

www.vocabularv.cl

## **ORDINAL NUMBERS**

ENGLISH VOCABULARY

## ORDINAL NUMBERS



We normally add a <sup>TH</sup> to the end of a cardinal number to make it an ordinal number. Be careful of the spelling exceptions below:

1st	first	11 <sup>th</sup>	eleventh	21st	twenty-first
2 <sup>nd</sup>	second	12 <sup>th</sup>	twelfth	22 <sup>nd</sup>	twenty-second
3 <sup>rd</sup>	third	13 <sup>th</sup>	thirteenth	23 <sup>rd</sup>	twenty-third
4 <sup>th</sup>	fourth	14 <sup>th</sup>	fourteenth	24th	twenty-fourth
5 <sup>th</sup>	fifth	15 <sup>th</sup>	fifteenth	25 <sup>th</sup>	twenty-fifth
$6^{th}$	sixth	16th	sixteenth	26th	twenty-sixth
7 <sup>th</sup>	seventh	17 <sup>th</sup>	seventeenth	27th	twenty-seventh
8 <sup>th</sup>	eighth	18 <sup>th</sup>	eighteenth	28 <sup>th</sup>	twenty-eighth
9 <sup>th</sup>	ninth	19 <sup>th</sup>	nineteenth	29 <sup>th</sup>	twenty-ninth
O <sup>th</sup>	tenth	20 <sup>th</sup>	twentieth	30 <sup>th</sup>	thirtieth
USES OF ORDINAL NUMBERS				31st	thirty-first
DATES: Her birthday is on the 29th.				40 <sup>th</sup>	fortieth
CENTURIES: Shakespeare was born in the 16th century.				41st	forty-first
SEQUENCE/ORDER: My team came second in the league.				50 <sup>th</sup>	fiftieth
FLOORS OF A BUILDING: His office is on the tenth floor.				51st	fifty-first

#### **ESEMPI**

## 13/11/2020:

- Today is <u>November 13<sup>th</sup> 2020</u> (November the thirteenth two thousand and twenty)

#### DAYS - MONTHS - DATES - ORDINAL NUMEBRS

## **DATE OF BIRTH**

MY BIRTHDAY IS ON <u>THE THIRD OF DECEMBER</u> 1991 = MY BIRTHDAY IS ON 3<sup>rd</sup> DECEMBER 1991

MY BIRTHDAY IS ON <u>DECEMBER 3<sup>rd</sup></u> 1991 = <u>MY BIRTHDAY IS ON</u> <u>DECEMBER THE THIRD 1991</u>